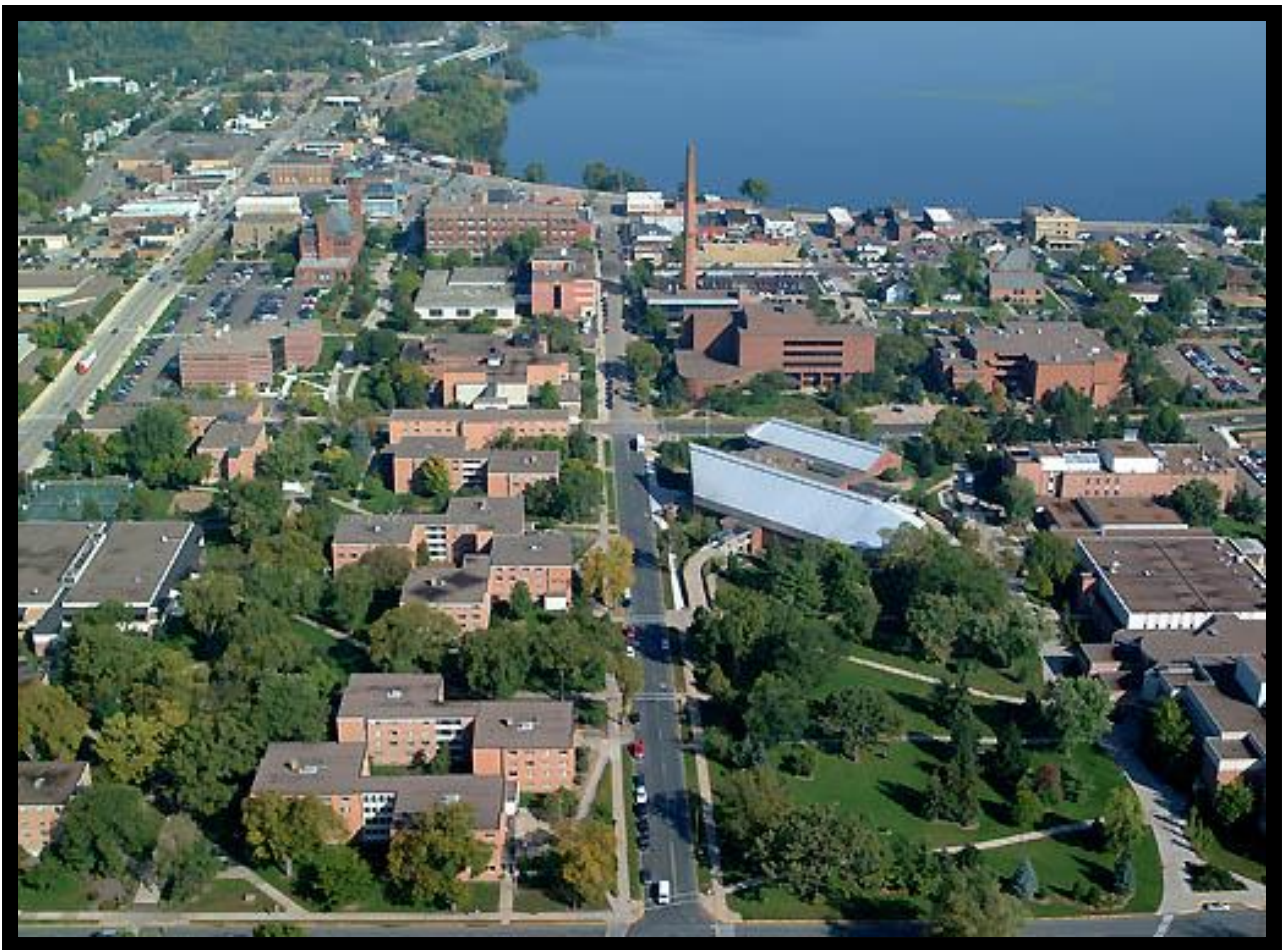


University of Wisconsin – Stout

2011

Security/Public Safety Report



Letter from Chancellor Charles W. Sorensen:

Enclosed is our annual security and public safety report. As part of the report, you will be able to view incident and crime statistics for the past three full calendar years (2008, 2009 and 2010). As you will understand after reading the report, we are committed to providing you with the safest and most secure environment possible. However, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without your awareness, cooperation and involvement.

Following the tragic 1986 sexual assault and murder of a young woman named Jeanne Clery at Lehigh University in Pennsylvania, her parents organized and lobbied to establish standards for crime reporting on all college campuses in the nation. I would encourage you to learn more about [Jeanne Clery](#) and the act created in her name. The **Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act** is the landmark federal law, originally known as the Campus Security Act, which requires colleges and universities across the United States to disclose information about crime on and around their campuses.

Throughout this publication, you will read specific procedures that will be enclosed in a text box. In addition to our basic crime statistics, the report should be utilized as a resource guide throughout the year for campus security and police service and crime prevention strategies.

I hope this publication proves helpful, informative, and provides an opportunity for increasing your knowledge of public safety practices at UW-Stout. If you have any questions regarding this report, I ask that you contact the Dean of Students or the University Chief of Police. You may not have the time to read through this publication today, but bookmark this site so you can utilize resources and information later, if needed.

Sincerely,



Charles W. Sorensen
Chancellor

***Statement Addressing
Preparation of Disclosure of
Crime Statistics***

This report is provided annually as information sharing and provides you with pertinent information. It is also in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act.

Wisconsin Statutes also require the provision of specific information about sexual assault and sexual harassment issues. In passing these laws, the Federal government and State of Wisconsin have made a commitment to enhance safety by requiring the University to provide specific information to you.

UW-Stout Police and Menomonie Police have a formal mutual aid agreement that includes an information exchange to ensure statistics are current and those off campus activities involving student organizations and saturated student housing areas are monitored and criminal activity is reported.

Several campus staff members are identified as "Campus Security Authorities" where based upon their job descriptions and involvement with student organizations are required to report Clery Act incidents to the Dean of Students office to be included in this report.

Each year, an email notification is made to all enrolled students, faculty and staff, providing them a web link to view this report. All prospective employees are also provided the link to the report.

Crime statistics are searched and categorized by location and crime type. The locations are specified by the Clery Act and crimes are defined by the Uniformed Crime Report. The descriptions of the locations and definitions of types of crimes appear at the end of this report.

Statement Addressing Campus Law Enforcement

Campus Police Authority and Jurisdiction

UW-Stout Police Department is a vital component of campus security efforts. In accordance with s. 36.11(2) Wisc. Stats. UW-Stout's Campus Police are State-certified peace officers who have completed police authority to apprehend and arrest anyone involved in illegal activities on-campus and areas immediately adjacent to the campus.

If minor offenses involving university rules and regulations are committed by a university student, University Police may also refer the individual to the disciplinary division through the Dean of Students Office.

The campus also works closely with the City of Menomonie, Dunn County Sheriff and Menomonie Police to ensure that areas away from campus are as safe as possible. In accordance to the Mutual Aid Agreement, information will be exchanged to ensure statistics are current and that off-campus activities involving student organizations and saturated student housing areas are monitored and criminal activity is listed in this report. Incidents such as homicide or suicide will be worked in conjunction with the appropriate agency (Menomonie Police, WI Dept. of Justice DCI and/or FBI).

The prosecution of all criminal offenses, both felony and misdemeanor, are conducted at the Circuit Court of Dunn County through the Dunn County District Attorney's Office and Clerk of Courts.

“The police at all times should maintain a relationship with the public that give reality to the historic tradition that the police are the public and that the public are the police; the police are the only members of the public who are paid to give full-time attention to duties which are incumbent on every citizen in the interest of community welfare”

Sir Robert Peel, Founder
London Metropolitan Police, 1829

**Statement Addressing the Duty of our Community Members
to Accurately and Promptly Report Crimes**

Community members, students, faculty, staff and guests are strongly encouraged to report all crimes and public safety related incidents to the University Police in an accurate and timely manner. This publication focuses on University Police because it patrols the UW-Stout campus, but stresses the importance of all community members' parts in keeping UW-Stout safe.

Although the University Police Office on campus is not open in the evenings and the weekends, our phones are answered 24 hours per day. Dispatchers have radio communication with the officers on duty. In response to a call, they will take appropriate action, either radioing an officer to respond, providing a phone number for the officer to call or giving the caller information on follow-up. If you would like to remain anonymous, that is possible. You can provide your name to dispatch, but clarify you would like to be recorded as anonymous, or not give your name at all.

If University Police need assistance, they will request it from other appropriate agencies. These agencies may include Menomonie Police, Menomonie Fire & Rescue, Dunn County Human Services, The Bridge to Hope, CVPP and the UW-Stout Counseling Center.

On campus crimes should be reported to the University Police Department to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics and to aid in providing timely notices to the community.

The University also utilizes crime statistics as one level of data to assist in organizing crime prevention programming, targeted patrol areas and refined community policing efforts.

Statement Addressing Voluntary Confidential Reporting

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the University System or the criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential or anonymous report. A report can be made with the Dean of Students Office, the University Counseling Center, University Police, or visiting their website at www.uwstout.edu/police. Should a victim choose to press charges later, a timely report will significantly increase the possibility of successful prosecution and/or disciplinary action.

The university cannot take disciplinary action solely on this report. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to assist with the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the university will keep more accurate records of the number of incidents involving students, determine if there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method or assailant and alert the campus community to potential danger when appropriate. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in this annual report within the statistics.

Not only do we encourage you to report crimes or suspicious activity, the university police provides you with alternatives on how to report. In some cases, you may want for authorities to know about a situation but would like to remain anonymous. We understand this and offer you options on how to provide us with the facts of the case. We also recognize that there may be situations in where you chose to report to someone other than law enforcement. The important aspect is to report the incident for us to be aware and to make knowledgeable decisions on enforcement patrols and community policing activities.

Statement Addressing the Reporting of Criminal Offenses

Contact University Police at 715-232-2222 (non-emergencies), dial 911 (emergencies only) or push the 911 button on campus phones located at each residence hall entrance. You can also report a crime to the following areas:

On campus: All numbers are 715-232-

Resource	Location	Phone
Affirmative Action	Human Resources	-2314
CVPP	410 Bowman	-2468
Dean of Students	130 Bowman	-1181
Student Health Services	Health Center	-1314
Human Resources	203 Administration	-2149
Multicultural Student Services	217 Bowman	-1381
Safety & Risk Management	130 University Svs	-1793
University Counseling	410 Bowman	-2468

Off campus:

FBI	Eau Claire	715-835-3761
Menomonie Police	Menomonie	715-232-1283
Dunn County Sheriff	Menomonie	715-232-1348

Statement Addressing Campus and Community Counselors and Services

According to professional ethical guidelines and state law, all counseling records are kept strictly confidential and are not part of other university records. Information is only shared with a person's written permission, or in the rare instance when sharing information is required by law (such as to save a life, to report child abuse or to comply with a court order). Due to these restrictions, "professional counselors" are exempted from serving as campus security authorities for mandatory reporting purposes.

That said, professional counselors recognize the importance of crime reporting and have developed processes for facilitating anonymous reporting. If a student reports being a recent victim of sexual assault to a "professional counselor" on campus, counselors as a matter of practice will discuss the procedures to report crimes and encourage them to report the crime on a voluntary basis. A report may be made anonymously and confidentially with the Campus Violence Prevention Project, Dean of Students Office, by speaking with the University Police patrol sergeant or by visiting their [web site](#)

Regardless of a student's decision to pursue legal or disciplinary action through reporting, a referral to a Campus Violence Prevention Project staff member should be offered for further information, support, advocacy and referrals. If accepted by the student, this referral will ensure that the incident gets reported according to federal requirements, that legal, medical and support services are coordinated, and that the counselor can maintain role clarity.

Campus "professional counselors", when acting as such, are voluntarily cooperating as campus security authorities so that crimes are reporting for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

"Professional Counselor"

An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution's community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.

Here are additional statements regarding Criminal Activity off campus for victims and offenders along with the campus process on notifying you of certain crimes that may affect your personal safety. These timely warnings allow for you to make an informed decision on future actions.

Statement Addressing Timely Warnings

Timely Warnings

In the event that a situation arises, either on or off campus, that, in the judgment of the Chief of University Police, constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a campus wide “timely warning/notice” will be issued. The warning will be issued through the university e-mail system to students, faculty and staff, and linked from the UWPD website.

These timely warnings are not the same as the campus-wide emergency communications/notification process. That information is in a future statement text box within this report.

Anyone with information that they believe would warrant a timely warning/notification is encouraged to report the circumstances to the University Police, either by phone or in person. Information can also be shared through the campus anonymous reporting process, as identified earlier in this report.

Anonymous reports may not provide enough information for the Chief of University Police to make an informed decision on whether or not a timely warning should be submitted to the university community.

Statement Addressing Criminal Activity off Campus

When a student is involved in an off-campus offense, the university may be contacted and will deal with each situation on a case by case basis. In accordance with UWS Chapter 17.03, the university may discipline a student in nonacademic matters for conduct which constitutes a serious danger to the personal safety of a member of the university community or guest. Menomonie Police routinely work and communicate with campus officers and the university judicial advisor in all areas of campus. University Police officers can and do respond to student related incidents that occur in close proximity to campus. University Police officers have directed radio communications with the city police, fire & rescue to facilitate rapid response in any emergency.

Student’s that are victims of off campus crimes can receive services from campus offices.

Campus Fire and Weather Safety Information


The university will not use FLASHbrief for severe weather notifications. The National Weather Service provides immediate information to you. We recommend that you purchase a weather radio that will provide you with the most up to date and timely information in your office or residence hall room.

During severe weather, you are asked to move to a location in your building without windows. Most buildings on campus have lower levels, basements. Fire alarms are audible and visual in all campus buildings. When the alarm sounds, it is your responsibility to evacuate the building.

Become familiar with the buildings that you frequent and define a shelter location that is accessible to you.

Emergency Response and Notification to the University Community

UW-Stout is utilizing FLASHbrief as the campus-wide emergency communications tool. We have identified a restricted number of persons on campus to send you an emergency message through this system. Messages will be received by mass email, text messaging (if you choose to add your cell number to the system) and a red pop-up message box. The messages will be engaged when the members of the university community are in some danger. The message will give you basic information as how to respond and areas to keep evacuated. Updates to the university community will be provided through the UW-Stout main portal page.

Students receiving a new leased laptop for the 2011-12 Academic Year will need to download the FLASHbrief program. Directions were emailed to students at the beginning of the year. You will know if FLASHbrief has been downloaded on your computer if you see a small  icon in the lower right menu bar. To download FLASHbrief or to get more information, check the resources at the [Emergency Management](#) web page.

Additional Campus Resources

- [Emergency Management](#)
- [University Housing](#)
- [Safety & Risk Management](#)

The 2008 Higher Education Opportunities Act states in section 488:

Missing Student Notification Policy

Requires institutions that have on-campus student housing to establish and implement a “missing student notification policy for students who reside in on-campus housing” that:

- Informs each student about and provides students the option of designating an emergency contact
- Provides students a means to “register confidential contact information”
- Requires disclosure to students who are under age 18 that the institution is required to notify parent or guardian if student is deemed missing
- Required disclosure that institution will notify law enforcement within 24 hours after determining student is missing
- Requires the institution to implement emergency notification procedures when students have been deemed missing

University Housing will notify authorities when residence hall students have been deemed missing. Those notified include University Police for all individuals and either the parent/guardian for residents under the age of 18 OR the emergency contact of students who are over the age of 18. Emergency contact information will be obtained from the information residents provide to the campus.

Any time a student believes that a resident is a threat to themselves or others; they should contact University Police immediately. If they want to report that a student is missing, they can either contact the police directly or they can print a “missing student notification” form on the Housing website at:

www.uwstout.edu/housing/pdf_documents/missingSTUDENTnotification.pdf

Students can complete this form any time they believe a resident has been missing for an unusual amount of time. Students completing this form should submit it to their Resident Advisor or Hall Director who will then contact University Police and the Dean of Students office.

Procedure (internally shared with Housing and campus staff)

If Housing staff are approached by a student about a missing resident, they should talk with the student to help the student determine if they want to fill out a Missing Student Notification form. Here are some questions that may be of assistance:

- Do they believe the student is a threat to themselves or others? If so, they should contact University Police immediately.
- Has the resident been missing for a long enough period of time that you believe they are missing?
- Have you contacted the location/place where they most recently had been?
- Have you tried to contact them through various means, e.g. cell phone, text, email, Facebook, etc.?
- Have you contacted other friends or relatives who may know where they are?

Upon receiving a form from a student, the Housing staff member should give it to their Hall Director or the Hall Director on call by 9:00am the next day. The Hall Director will contact University Police and the Dean of Students office. University Police and DOS will determine if a student is “deemed missing” and follow appropriate procedures, including contacting either the parent/guardian or the emergency contact.

Only people with first-hand knowledge should fill out a form; students, Housing staff or others who hear rumors or second-hand information from others should not fill out the [form](#).

UW – Stout Chancellor’s Coalition on Alcohol and Drugs

Mission

The mission of the coalition is to promote a safe and healthy learning environment that encourages responsible and legal choices for alcohol and other drug use.

This mission will be achieved by:

1. Promoting a comprehensive, coordinated and sustained approach to AOD abuse prevention
2. Developing and communicating consistent university messages regarding AOD policy and programming
3. Studying and recommending research-based best practices in AOD policy and programming
4. Encouraging individuals, organizations, and offices to implement recommended strategies
5. Maintaining broad Coalition representation and participation by students, faculty and staff
6. Establishing and annually reviewing measurable AOD abuse prevention objectives
7. Meeting regularly; sharing information and resources, discussing problems and challenges, and providing support for campus initiatives.

Universal Goals/Objectives:

1. Decrease high-risk alcohol consumption (binge drinking, frequency of drinking, etc.)
2. Decrease illegal drug use and prescription drug abuse
3. Decrease negative consequences to self, others and property – related to AOD use and abuse
4. Promote safe, healthy, responsible and legal choices related to AOD use and abuse
5. Represent UW-Stout as a campus that actively endorses the above values and norms

Coalition Decision-Making:

- Guided by a consensus model
- Identify and implement global strategies

Membership Responsibilities:

1. Actively participate in meetings, read publications and learn about AOD issues
2. Review and comment on Steering Team and other Work Group recommendations
3. Report back to your constituencies on AOD issues and prevention activities
4. Bring your constituency’s questions, suggestions and activity reports back to the Coalition

The following two pages shows a letter sent from campus to all incoming freshman homes prior to the start of the 2011-12 academic year.



Dear Students and Families of the Fall 2011 Freshman Class:

Highlighting the critical importance of student safety, health and well-being, on March 30, 2010, the Chancellor called on the campus community to intensify its efforts to curb student alcohol abuse and its negative consequences—and to reinforce a campus culture that supports healthy choices that help students reach their full potential.

This fall, UW-Stout will continue with a comprehensive plan designed to: 1) reduce high-risk alcohol use, 2) make it more acceptable to abstain from alcohol, 3) support student safety through institutional and cultural intolerance of alcohol abuse, and 4) address student misperceptions about campus drinking behavior.

Key programs and initiatives of the alcohol plan include:

- Broad implementation of evidence-based prevention methods that inspire students to reflect on and consider their drinking behaviors.
- Continuation of a comprehensive social norms marketing campaign.
- Widespread communication of alcohol policies, sanctions and procedures to the campus.
- Advance notice to students of possible sanctions—including those that could place student enrollment in jeopardy—for high risk or repeated unhealthy or dangerous behaviors.
- Education of all students on the impact alcohol violations and behaviors have on educational/career choices, study abroad, employment potential and other opportunities.
- Parental notification when students engage in serious or repeated violations of alcohol policies or the law.
- Collaboration with local agencies and law enforcement organizations to support frequent “party patrols” with strong sanctions for hosts.
- Comprehensive Web site with information on education, policies, statistics, resources, and programming related to alcohol.

The most recent data from the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism estimates that each year there are 1,800 alcohol-related deaths among college students, 550,000 unintentional injuries, 675,000 assaults, and 95,000 cases of sexual assault and acquaintance rape. Additionally, alcohol is frequently a factor when students encounter academic problems.

Despite these negative statistics, our survey data also show—and our social norms campaign highlights the fact—that the majority of students do not participate in high risk drinking. Yet even students who make healthier choices often encounter problems when their peers drink too much.



We are counting on all students, parents and family members to partner with us as we strive to support an environment where the use of alcohol does not prevent students from realizing their highest potential of intellectual, physical and human development.

Sincerely,



Charles W. Sorensen
Chancellor



Joan Thomas
Dean of Students



Lisa Walter
Chief, UW-Stout Police



Dennis Shaw
Chair, Chancellor's Coalition on Alcohol

The next document was handed to all incoming freshman during student orientation and laptop distribution

UW-Stout

Alcohol Consumption and Conduct Violations

The University of Wisconsin Stout will strive to create and support an environment where use of alcohol does not prevent students from realizing their highest potential of intellectual, physical and human development. The University will use evidence based policies, programs, and services and will assess progress through measureable goals and objectives.

According to the National Institute of Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, research demonstrates that close collaboration between colleges and their surrounding communities, including zero tolerance enforcement of the law, reduces the incidents of high-risk drinking and associated negative consequences.

Using a comprehensive management system, UW-Stout has information on all conduct violations and concerning behavior for all enrolled students. This allows University Housing and the Dean of Students Office to collaboratively track conduct incidents for each student and to ensure the sanctions imposed reflect not only the recent behavior but also past behavior.

Behavior on and off campus which violates UW System Administrative Code Ch. 17 or 18, and/or results in citation by city, university, or county law enforcement officers, will be addressed by university judicial officials when, in the judgment of the investigating officer, the alleged conduct is any of the following:

dangerous conduct illegal use or distribution of alcoholic beverages or drugs unauthorized use or property damage municipal law disruption of university authorized activities	forgery or falsification violation of criminal law serious or repeated violations of violation of university rules
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Some examples of these behaviors include:

- Underage Alcohol Consumption Citations
- Using a false ID
- Hosting or furnishing to minors
- Selling without a license
- Vandalism
- Driving Under the Influence
- Disorderly conduct
- Battery

The University also has the authority to contact parents in any situations involving alcohol. UW-Stout will notify parents on all 2nd alcohol violations regardless of the nature of the violation.

Depending on the frequency or severity of the behavior, the university can impose sanctions that prevent a student from being enrolled at the university. See the Student Rights & Responsibilities web page at:

<http://www.uwstout.edu/stusrv/dean/studentconduct/>

Questions or concerns regarding the student conduct can be directed to:

Dean of Students Office
130 Bowman Hall
715-232-1181

Statement Addressing Illicit Drugs

Policy on Illicit drugs

The Unlawful possession, use, distribution, manufacture or dispensing of illicit drugs (controlled substances) by students, employees or organizations is prohibited on university property or as part of university activities. The possession, use, distribution, manufacture or dispensing of illicit drugs is illegal under both State and Federal laws. Such laws are strictly enforced by UW-Stout Police, which has specific policies to discourage the use of illegal drugs. An illicit drug is identified as a drug, substance or precursor, including but not limited to opiates, hallucinogenic substances, depressants and stimulants. Violation of policy by a student may lead to disciplinary sanction, up to and including suspension or expulsion. University employees are also subject to sanctions for violations occurring on university property or the worksite or during working time, up to and including termination.

Referral for prosecution under criminal law is also probable for students and employees. In addition, violators could face possible legal sanctions resulting from civil actions. Costs related to drug offenses may include fines, loss of driver's license, jail terms, and inability to receive federal or state aid or grants.

Legal Sanctions

In addition, violators could face possible legal sanctions resulting from civil or criminal actions. Costs related to AOD offenses may include fines, loss of driver's license, jail terms and public embarrassment. AOD offenses may also affect a person's employability, their ability to enter a licensed profession or bonding for employment. State and Federal laws governing alcohol and illicit drugs include, but are not limited to:

- **Wisconsin's Drinking Age Law** – states that it is illegal for anyone under the age of 21 to purchase, possess or consume alcohol as well as enter a premises that sells alcohol.
- **Wisconsin Illicit Drug Laws** – prohibits possession, use and/or delivery.
- **Federal Illicit Drug Laws** – prohibits possession, use, distribution, manufacture or dispensing.
- **Personal Risks** – Misuse of alcohol and other drugs can result in, or make worse, a number of personal, relationship, physical or legal problems.
- **Penalties related to AODA** – Sec. 483 – Student Eligibility – In general, students who are convicted under any Federal or State possession or sale of a controlled substance law will not be eligible to receive loans, grants or work assistance for a specified period of time.

Alcohol Laws and Forfeitures

The State of Wisconsin has set 21 as the minimum age to purchase, possess or consume alcoholic beverages. Specific ordinances regarding violations of alcohol laws, including driving while intoxicated are available through the UW Police website. As of October, 2010 the fine amounts are as follows:

Offense Type	# of Offenses w/l 12 months	Forfeiture
Consumption or Possession of Alcohol	First Offense	\$263.50
	Second Offense	\$389.50
	Third Offense	\$515.50
	Fourth and Subsequent	\$767.50
Possess, Provide, Alter or Manufacture a Fake ID	Age 17 - 20	\$515.50
	Age 21 Plus	\$250.00 Bond Criminal Offense
Procure from Licensed Premises	First Offense	\$452.50
	Second Offense	\$515.50
	Third and Subsequent	\$767.50
Procure for, Sell to, Dispense or Give to an Underage Person	First Offense	\$452.50
	Second Offense	\$767.50
	Third and Subsequent	\$1,397.50
Sale of Alcohol without a License	First Offense	\$767.50
	Second Offense	\$1,082.50
	Third and Subsequent	\$1,397.50
Additional Loss of Drivers License for all Alcohol Violations	First Offense	90 days
	Second Offense	180 days
	Third and Subsequent	1 year
<p>A violation of these laws is also a violation of University Housing Contract rules and of UWS Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter 17 (Non Academic misconduct) and will be treated as a separate disciplinary matter by the University.</p>		

Statement Addressing Building and Facility Access

General access and use of our facilities is governed by institutional policies and WI Administrative Codes, all on file in the office of the Chancellor and available on-line. Some of these procedures include policies on building access (key and card access), university identification cards and building operating hours.

Building card access at UW-Stout provides access to buildings and select rooms on campus. Card access to buildings has been implemented to accommodate after hours entrance into buildings as well as limiting access to high security rooms, and various labs. To request card access to a building or area that you have a need due to your job description or academics, contact your supervisor or advisor.

Academic building entrances and general classrooms are normally open to students, parents, employees, contractors, guests and invitees Monday through Friday. Over extended breaks, the doors of all residence halls will be secured around the clock. Residents of that building will have card access to enter. All building opening needs which require the building to stay open later than [scheduled times](#) must be approved by the [building supervisor](#) and received by the academic [custodial department](#) no later than one day in advance of the need. All weekend building opening needs must again be approved by the building supervisor with the request being received no later than noon on the Thursday prior to the weekend need.

Emergencies may require changes or alterations to any posted schedule. Buildings and/or rooms may be locked/secured by University Police due to an emergency or police investigation by authority of the Chief of University Police or her designee.

Areas that are revealed as problematic have security surveys conducted with assistance of the building supervisor, Physical Plant, University Police and Safety & Risk Management. Surveys and recommendations may include issues such as landscaping, locks, alarms, lighting and communications.

The following statements address issues of physical security and building access. They also address aspects of personal security. Knowledge of these campus policies, processes will allow for you to make a more informed decision on your personal safety and security. Review these statements and take advantage of any of the programming available.

Statement Addressing Basic Security

Security is often a function of a tenacious management of the details

- Maintaining clean, accessible buildings
- Well-lit parking lots (including timely repair of campus lighting)
- Timely building maintenance (including removal of graffiti)
- Visible, pro-active police officer presence

These details are managed through partnerships between campus departments.

The University Police maintains a [daily log](#) (known as the police blotter) listing all crimes reported to the department. This log includes the nature, date and general location of each crime and the disposition of the complaint, if known. This log can be used by members of the community to make informed decisions regarding personal safety and security of items.

Statement Addressing Substance Abuse Education/Prevention Programs

The University has developed programs to prevent the illicit use of drugs and the abuse of alcohol by students and employees. The programs provide services related to drug use and abuse including educational programs, counseling services, referrals, supplementary reports, and printed information distribution.

University Counseling Center provides an overview of the Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) Education and Employee Assistance Program (EAP) conducted on campus and in the community. In compliance with the Federal Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act such services provided include:

Alcoholics Anonymous (AA)

Alcohol Awareness Programs (AAP)

Arbor Place – Dunn County Substance Abuse residential treatment center

Dunn County Partnership for Youth and Environmental Committee

Marijuana Assessment Programs

Student Health

University Housing

University Police

Statement Addressing Crime Prevention and Security/Safety Awareness Programs

The UW-Stout Police Department provides specific attention in the area of crime prevention. Our department offers educational opportunities and training to any group requesting such services (university housing residence advisors or hall directors, student organizations, faculty and staff). The department will conduct training on a variety of topics throughout the academic year to any group regarding:

- **Building and room security**
- **Identity theft prevention**
- **Sexual Assault prevention**
- **Workplace violence prevention**
- **Personal Safety**

Statement Addressing Crime Prevention and Security/Safety Awareness Programs – Con't

To arrange for one of the presentations, complete a request form from the UW-Police website. Other questions should be forwarded to Sergeant Robert Starck at 715-232-5076. The police work in cooperation with other law enforcement agencies in the area to address crime and recommended prevention strategies.

When on campus, look for available brochures, information and specialized training opportunities. A common theme of all awareness and crime prevention programming is to encourage students and employees to be aware of their responsibility for their own safety and the safety/security of others.

Statement Addressing Sex Offender Registry

Sexual Offender Registration:

The Campus Sex Crime Prevention Act (CSCPA), enacted in October 2000, took effect on October 2002. As of that date, the Wisconsin Sex Offender Registration Program will be collecting and making available information about a sex offender's enrollment or employment with institutions of the University of Wisconsin System. Several key provisions of the Act include:

- Sex offenders who must register under a state offender registration program must notify the state regarding each higher education institution at which the person is employed or enrolled and any changes in that status.
- Sex Offender Registration Programs must convey promptly to an institution's police department information regarding a sex offender registrant's enrollment or employment at that institution.

Institutions will not request sex offender information from the state program. They will post information provided to them. University of Wisconsin-Stout Police receives this information from the Wisconsin Department of Corrections – Sexual Offender Registry Program (SORP) and posts our information at Campus Registry

Statement Addressing Sexual Assault Prevention & Response

The University educates the student community about sexual assault response and prevention through student orientation, residence hall trainings and in class academic programs. The university police, in partnership with the [Campus Violence Prevention Project](#) (CVPP) offers sexual assault education and information programs to university students and employees upon request. The CVPP program is a member of the “Don’t Cancel your Class” program.

If you are a victim of sexual assault, on our off campus, your first priority should be to get to a place of safety. You should then obtain necessary medical treatment. The closest treatment facility to UW-Stout is the Red Cedar Medical Center Emergency Room. Through the CVPP program, Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE) will be called to assist you through the process. An advocate from the Campus Violence Prevention Project or the Bridge to Hope will be with you the entire time you go through the S.A.N.E. exam, if you would like. She will offer you emotional support or whatever you may need to be comfortable, while the S.A. N.E. nurse will focus only on the exam. The advocate will then go over services, information on sexually transmitted diseases, and Crime Victim Compensation. After the exam is completed, the advocate will then take you wherever you need to go next, whether that is to speak with the police, home, or to a friend or family member's home. The advocate will then follow up with you in a couple of days to see how you are doing, answer any questions and see if there are any other services you may need.

In most cases, the advocate will contact police. CVPP grant funding has allowed for all university officers to attend sexual assault investigation training that includes utilizing SANE nurses for examinations and evidence collection and the CVPP advocate. Filing a police report with a university officer will not obligate the victim to prosecute, nor will it subject the victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from officers. Filing a police report will:

- Ensure that a victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests at no expense to the victim.
- Provide the opportunity of collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later.
- Assure the victim has access to the CVPP advocate for additional access to other campus and community resources.

Policies encouraging pastoral and professional mental health counselors, if allowed, to inform client's confidential crime reporting procedures.

Any professional you speak with about your situation is obligated by law to keep the information confidential unless you are threatening to harm yourself or another person. You may sign Consent for Release of Information form to have your information released from one agency to another. You may cancel this release form at any time.

Numbers of non-victim-identifying sexual assaults are reported to the Dean of Students for report gathering purposes pursuant to Section 36.11(22)(c), Wisconsin Statutes (c) Any person employed at an institution that witnesses a sexual assault on campus or receives a report from a student enrolled in the institution that the student has been sexually assaulted shall report to the dean of students of the institution. The dean of students shall compile reports for the purpose of disseminating statistical information under par. (a) 1. b. (d) Annually, each institution shall report to the office of justice assistance in the department of administration statistics on sexual assaults and on sexual assaults by acquaintances of the victims that occurred on each campus of the institution in the previous year. The office of justice assistance shall include the statistics in appropriate crime reports published by the office.

Procedures students should follow if a sex offense occurs:

http://www3.uwstout.edu/cvpp/sexual_assault.cfm#assaulted

What do I do if I have been sexually assaulted?

Survive the assault experience the best way you can. Only you know the best way to react to this act of violence. Follow your instincts and do whatever it takes to survive.

- Get to a safe place.
- Call 911 or (232-1283 for Menomonie Police or 232-2222 for Campus Police)
- Call Campus Violence Prevention project (232-2468) or the Bridge to Hope (235-9074) or Myrtle Werth Hospital (235-5531)
- Don't take a shower or comb your hair, you may destroy evidence.
- Preserve the clothes worn at the time of attack.
- If possible, do not go to the bathroom until after the examination.
- Get a medical exam (preferably from a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (S.A.N.E.)) even if you don't think you want to press charges
- Inquire about tests for possible pregnancy, HIV/AIDS, and sexually transmitted diseases.

It is important to have a medical examination even if there are no apparent injuries or there has been a lapse in time since the assault. Consider seeing a sexual assault nurse examiner (S.A.N.E.) for your health assessment.

The Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (S.A.N.E.) Program

The nurse examiner has had advanced preparation in collecting medical-legal evidence. She is sensitive to your need to take an active part in your care and recovery. She will not make you do anything you do not want to do and will support your need to regain control of your life. The exam can be done up to 72 hours after the assault and still produce evidence. The quickest way to access a S.A.N.E. is to go to the Myrtle Worth Hospital in Menomonie (715) 232-2388. The exam may be covered by your health insurance provider or it is free if you are uninsured.

Note: If you are interested in only receiving the morning after pill or being tested for sexually transmitted diseases, please see a health care provider at the UW Stout Student Health Services (715) 232-1314 or a sexual assault nurse examiner (S.A.N.E.) (715) 232-2388.

A nurse will examine you in a sensitive, non-threatening manner and administer first aid gently. The nurse is trained to gather medical-legal evidence. The exam may be similar to a pap smear, depending upon the nature of the assault. Photographs may also need to be taken by the nurse as part of evidence gathering. You may stop the exam at any point you become uncomfortable. She will help you sort out what to do about the many concerns following rape, including threat of disease and pregnancy. The nurse will assist you in reviewing your options and will respect your decisions.

A nurse will help you contact an advocate if you choose and will help you find a safe place to go. She will help you develop a medical follow-up plan and will support you through phone calls as often as you request. If your case goes to court, the sexual assault nurse examiner may testify as a factual witness on your behalf.

The Advocate's Role

An advocate from the Campus Violence Prevention Project or the Bridge to Hope will be with you the entire time you go through the S.A.N.E. exam, if you would like. The advocate will offer you emotional support or whatever you may need to be comfortable, while the S.A. N.E. nurse will focus only on the exam. The advocate will then go over services, information on sexually transmitted diseases, and Crime Victim Compensation. After the exam is completed, the advocate will then take you wherever you need to go next, whether that is to speak with the police, home, or to a friend or family member's home. The advocate will assist you in notification of police if you desire and then follow up with you in a couple of days to see how you are doing, answer any questions and see if there are any other services you may need.

Who can I report to if I have been sexually assaulted?

You are in control of the reporting process. You can tell whomever you report to as much or as little information as you like. You may also have an advocate with you to support you through the reporting process and the medical exam, if you choose to receive one. You can stop the reporting process at any time. The police will likely encourage you to have a medical (S.A.N.E.) exam whether or not you've decide to pursue an arrest of the offender. If the assault happened within the last couple of days of reporting, there's a better chance of finding forensic evidence from the victim. The exam is to ensure your safety and to provide possible evidence for the police.

There are various options for reporting incidents of sexual assault, stalking or dating and domestic violence. You have the option of reporting to both the police and the Dean of Students Office.

Statement that the institution will provide assistance in changing academic and living arrangements if requested and reasonably available.

<http://www3.uwstout.edu/stusrv/dean/sexpolicy.cfm>

During the investigation and disciplinary process, upon the request of the victim, changes in the academic and/or living situations of those involved are possible if such changes are reasonably available.

What are the consequences for the person who assaulted me?

Campus Consequences

Dean of Students- UWS 17.05 Disciplinary Procedure:

The investigating officer may proceed in accordance with this section to impose, subject to hearing and appeal rights, one of more of the disciplinary sanctions listed in s. UWS 17.04 (1).

1. **Conference with Student.** When the investigating officer concludes that proceedings under this section are warranted, the investigating officer shall promptly offer to discuss the matter with the student. The purpose of this discussion is to permit the investigating officer to review with the student the basis for his or her belief that the student engaged in nonacademic misconduct, and to afford the student an opportunity to respond. If the student does not respond to the investigating officer's offer to discuss the matter, the investigating officer may proceed to make a determination on the basis of the available information.
2. **Determination by the Investigating Officer That No Disciplinary Sanction is Warranted.** If, as a result of a discussion under sub. (1), the investigating officer determines that non-academic misconduct did not in fact occur, or that no disciplinary sanction is warranted under the circumstance, the matter will be considered resolved without the necessity for further action.
3. **Process Following Determination by the Investigating Officer that Nonacademic Misconduct Occurred.**
 - a. If, as a result of a discussion or review of available information under sub. (1), the investigating officer determines that nonacademic misconduct did occur and that one or more of the disciplinary sanctions listed under s. UWS 17.04 (1) should be recommended, the investigating officer shall prepare a written report which shall contain the following:
 - i. A description of the misconduct
 - ii. Specification of the sanction sought
 - iii. Notice of the student's right to a hearing before the nonacademic misconduct hearing committee; and
 - iv. A copy of this chapter and of the institutional procedures adopted to implement this section.
 - b. The written report shall be delivered personally to the student or be mailed to the student by regular first class United States mail at his or her current address, as maintained at the institution.
 - c. A student who receives a written report under this section has the right to a hearing before the nonacademic misconduct hearing committee under s. UWS 17.06 to contest the determination that nonacademic misconduct occurred, or the choice of disciplinary sanction, or both.
 - i. Where the disciplinary sanction sought is one of those listed in s. UWS 17.04 (1) (a) to (f), and the student desires the hearing before the nonacademic misconduct hearing committee the student must file a written request with the student affairs officer within 10 days of personal delivery or mailing of the written report. If the student does not request a hearing within this period, the determination of nonacademic misconduct shall be regarded as final, and the disciplinary sanction sought shall be imposed.
 - ii. Where the disciplinary sanction sought is suspension or expulsion under s. UWS 17.04 (1) (g) or (h), the investigating officer shall forward a copy of the written report under par. (b) to the student affairs officer. The student affairs officer shall, upon receipt of the written report, proceed under s. UWS 17.06

Dean of Students-Disciplinary Action

UWS 17.03 Nonacademic Misconduct Subject to disciplinary action.

The university may discipline a student in nonacademic matters in the following situations:

1. Nonacademic Matters:
 - a. For conduct which constitutes a serious danger to the personal safety of a member of the university community or guest.
 - b. Examples of the conduct prohibited by this subsection include, but are not limited to: engaging in conduct that is a crime involving danger to property or persons, as defined in s. UWS 18.06 (22) (d); attacking or otherwise physically abusing, threatening to physically injure or physically intimidating a member of the university community or a guest...

UWS-17.04 Disciplinary Sanctions

1. The following are the disciplinary sanctions that may be imposed for nonacademic misconduct, in accordance with the procedures of ss.UWS 17.05-17.07:
 - a. A reprimand
 - b. Denial of specified university privileges
 - c. Imposition of reasonable terms and conditions on continued student status
 - d. Restitution
 - e. Removal of the student from the course in progress
 - f. Disciplinary probation
 - g. Suspension; or
 - h. Expulsion

How can I heal from the situation?

Each person heals from this experience in his/her own way and time. You may want to seek help from a professional counselor who is familiar with the aftermath of rape. Any counseling service you decide to receive will be kept confidential unless you give written permission to have information released to another party. You may find that you experience different emotions such as the feeling of paranoia to a sense of calmness. Any feelings you experience are "normal" given your situation. It is very important that you honor all of your feelings and that you do not blame yourself for the assault. Talking about what happened to you with people who are supportive and understanding can be very helpful. This is a way to begin the process of recovery.

On-campus mental health and advocate resources

1. **UW-Stout Counseling Center**
(715) 232-2468
 - Counseling services are free to all Stout students.
 - CVPP Student advocate services
2. **Bridge to Hope**
715.235.9074
 - Advocate services

Off-campus mental health and advocate resources

Menomonie Services

1. **Bridge to Hope**
715.235.9074
 - Advocate services
2. **Access Center Inc.**
(715) 235-4696 or 1-888-261-5585
406 Technology Drive E., Suite B
Menomonie, WI
 - Accept certain insurance plans and sliding fee scale.
3. **Red Cedar Medical Center-Behavioral Health Services**
(715) 233-7891
2211 Stout Road
Menomonie, WI
 - Accepts certain insurance plans.
4. **Behavioral Health Clinic-Department of Human Services**
(715) 232-1116
808 Main Street
Menomonie, WI
 - Accept certain insurance plans, Medical Assistance or Medicare.
 - Also provide a sliding fee scale if you don't have insurance.

Eau Claire Services

1. **Heinz Psychological Services**
826 S. Hastings Way
Eau Claire, WI
(715) 834-3171
2. **First Things First**
Professional Building 2125 Heights Drive, Suite 2D
Eau Claire, WI
(715) 832-8432
3. **Omne Clinic, Inc.**
221 West Madison, Suite 240/250 Street
Eau Claire, WI
(715) 832-5454 or 1-800-847-2144

Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Definitions

Criminal Homicide, Murder and Non Negligent Manslaughter

- The willful (non negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Criminal Homicide, Manslaughter by Negligence

- The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sexual Offenses, forcible

- Crimes categorized as forcible sex offenses are: forcible rape, forcible sodomy, sexual assault with an object and forcible fondling. Any sexual assault against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Sexual Offenses, non-forcible

- Non-forcible sex offenses include: incest and statutory rape. Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

Robbery (definition includes attempted robbery)

- The taking, or attempting to take, of anything of value under confrontational circumstances from the control, custody, or care of another person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear of immediate harm.

Motor vehicle theft

- The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle (Operating a motor vehicle without the owner's consent).

Arson

- Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, person property of another, etc.

Liquor law violations

- Violations of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, furnishing, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages.

Drug abuse/Controlled Substance violations

- Violations of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and the derivatives (morphine, heroine, codeine); marijuana, synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Weapons possession

- Violations of laws or ordinances dealing with weapons offenses, regulatory in nature, such as the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, illegal carry, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons and all attempts of the aforementioned.

Hate Crimes

- Any of the reportable Clery crimes or others that involve bodily injury, larceny/simple assault, damage/vandalism or property, or intimidation are committed against a victim who was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias or the perpetrator perceived the person to be in one of the protected categories (Race, Gender, Religion, Sexual Orientation, Ethnicity/National Origin, Disability).

Geographic Locations for Crime Statistics Definitions

On-Campus

- Any building or property owner or controlled by an institution within the same reasonable contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and
- Any building or property that is within or reasonable contiguous to the area identified in first statement of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as food or other retail vendor).

Non-Campus Property

- Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or
- Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonable contiguous geographic area of the institution.
- Addresses included in this definition for the purpose of the 2007 calendar year statistics are:
 - 1120 6th Street – Chi Lambda
 - 1104 6th Street – Phi Sigma Phi
 - 321 Wilson Avenue – Kappa Lambda Beta
 - 804 9th Avenue E. – Sigma Sigma Sigma
 - 902 7th Street – Alpha Phi
 - 901 8th Street – Delta Zeta
 - 108 3rd Avenue W. – Campus Ministry
 - 621 Wilson Avenue – Street Level Ministries

Public Property

- All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.



DIRECTORY OF RESOURCES

UW-Stout Police Department works collaboratively with all sections listed in this directory to inform everyone who is part of the campus about security procedures and practices, along with education on crime prevention and personal safety issues. All departments and organizations within our community affect the safety and security of people and property on our campus.

ON CAMPUS RESOURCES

Affirmative Action Officer	203 Administration Building (Human Resources)	715-232-2314
Alcohol & Drug Education	410 Bowman Hall (University Counseling)	715-232-2468
Campus Ministry	108 3 rd Avenue West	715-235-4258
Chancellor's Office	325 Administration (One Clock Tower Plaza)	715-232-2441
Clinical Services, Counseling	221 Voc Rehab	715-232-2404
Counseling Center, University	410 Bowman Hall	715-232-2468
Campus Violence Prevention Project	410 Bowman Hall (University Counseling)	715-232-2468
Dean of Students	130 Bowman Hall	715-232-1181
Emergency	Dunn County Dispatch Center	911
Employee Assistance Program (EAP)	410 Bowman Hall (University Counseling)	715-232-2468
Health & Safety	132 University Services	715-232-2188
Human Resources	203 Administration (One Clock Tower Plaza)	715-232-2149
Legal Referral (Students)	200 E. Main St., Stout Student Association	715-232-2100
Multicultural Student Services	217 Bowman Hall	715-232-1381
Optimal Health	130 University Services	715-232-2258
Provost	303 Administration (One Clock Tower Plaza)	715-232-2421
Safety & Risk Management	130 University Services	715-232-1793
Student Health Services	103 1 st Avenue W. (on campus clinic)	715-232-1314
Student Services	206 Bowman Hall (central office)	715-232-2995
University Housing	170 Merle Price Commons	715-232-1121
University Police	110 University Services	715-232-2222

Community, Area and National Resources

Arbor Place, Menomonie	Alcohol and Drug Treatment (residential & outpatient)	715-235-4537
The Bridge	Domestic Abuse and Crisis Services	715-235-9074
Dunn County District Attorney	Stokke Parkway	715-232-1687
Emergency	Dunn County Dispatch Center	911
Federal Bureau of Investigation	Eau Claire offices	715-835-3761
Human Services	Dunn County Mental Health Services	715-232-1116
LE Phillips Treatment Center, Eau Claire	Alcohol and Drug Treatment (residential & outpatient)	715-723-5585
Luther Hospital	Eau Claire	715-838-3274
Menomonie Police Department	Stokke Parkway (Business Office)	715-232-2198
Red Cedar Medical Center	Menomonie	715-235-5531
Sacred Heart Hospital	Eau Claire	888-545-7380
Sheriff's Department – Dunn County	Stokke Parkway	715-232-1348
Victim/Witness Assistance	Dunn County District Attorney's Office	715-232-6832

A LETTER FROM THE CHIEF OF UNIVERSITY POLICE

Life at college is not necessarily as easy as it may appear, even if you are a returning student as a sophomore, junior or senior or are a transfer from another college. Each year is different, depending upon where you live, your coursework, acquaintances and lifestyle. If you are the parent of this student, you must also remain active in their life, to a point, and be available for them to listen and to ask you questions.

According to the US Department of Justice – Office of Justice Assistance, “College students are the most vulnerable to rape (and other crime) during the first few weeks of the freshman and sophomore years. Research has shown that rapes of college women tend to happen after 6 p.m. and the majority after midnight. Majority of sexual assaults of college women are perpetrated by someone they know, also known as “date rape”.

If you are a parent, stay involved in your student’s life, just because they are gone from your house does not mean you shouldn’t stop being the parent. Ask your student questions regarding what they do after class and on the weekend.

According to security on campus, 80% of all crimes against students are perpetrated by other students. The University of Wisconsin-Stout is committed to providing a safe and secure environment for its students, employees and visitors. UW-Stout Police Department is fully engaged with the community to enforce fully all state and federal laws and institutional policies and regulations to ensure a safe environment.

I encourage all of you to read the information provided in this report and to research the resources made available to you as a member of our community. Present me with any questions or concerns that you may have with the report or statistics in the upcoming tables. I can be reached directly at 715-232-2266 or walterl@uwstout.edu

The UW-Stout Police Department operates with three words in mind, Visible, Available and Accessible. This report is part of that goal. Thank you for your interest in enhancing your safety and the safety of others while in our community.

Chief Lisa A Walter

The next pages include the annual crime statistics for the last three full calendar years.

(2008, 2009 and 2010)

University of Wisconsin-Stout Campus Crime Statistics
2010 Calendar Year Report

OFFENSES	VENUE/LOCATION	ANNUAL STATISTICS of INCIDENTS		
		2008	2009	2010
Murder and Non-neglegent Manslaughter	On Campus	0	0	0
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	0
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
	Total for this Offense	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	On Campus	0	0	0
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	0
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	1
	Total for this Offense	0	0	1
Sex Offenses Forcible	On Campus	4	2	2
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	3	2	2
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
	***Total for this Offense	4	2	2
Sex Offenses Non-Forcible	On Campus	0	0	0
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	0
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
	Total for this Offense	0	0	0
Robbery	On Campus	0	0	0
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	0
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	1	0	0
	Total for this Offense	1	0	0
Aggravated Assault	On Campus	3	0	1
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	0
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	4	4	2
	Total for this Offense	7	4	3
Burglary	On Campus	20	21	18
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	18	18	16
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
	Total for this Offense	20	21	18
Motor Vehicle Theft	On Campus	0	0	0
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	0
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	1	3	1
	Total for this Offense	1	3	1
Arson	On Campus	0	0	0
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	0
	Non Campus	0	0	0

	Public Property	0	0	0
	Total for this Offense	0	0	0
Hate Crimes	On Campus	0	0	1
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	1
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
	Total for this Offense	0	0	1

<p>University of Wisconsin-Stout Campus Crime Statistics 2010 Calendar Year Report</p>

ARRESTS	VENUE/LOCATION	ANNUAL STATISTICS of ARRESTS		
		2008	2009	2010
Liquor Law Arrests	On Campus	305	316	419
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	285	299	392
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	140	126	120
	Total for this Offense	445	442	539
Drug Law Arrests	On Campus	33	45	63
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	32	43	58
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	10	8	2
	Total for this Offense	43	53	65
Weapons Law Arrests	On Campus	0	0	2
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	2
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	3	2	0
	Total for this Offense	3	2	2

UNIVERSITY DISCIPLINE	VENUE/LOCATION	ANNUAL STATISTICS of DISCIPLINE		
		2008	2009	2010
Liquor Violations Discipline	On Campus	64	59	71
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	64	59	71
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
	Total for this Offense	64	59	71
Drug Violations Discipline	On Campus	15	10	8
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	15	10	8
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
	Total for this Offense	15	10	8
Weapons Possession Discipline	On Campus	0	0	0
	Subset of "on campus" In Residence Halls	0	0	0
	Non Campus	0	0	0
	Public Property	0	0	0
	Total for this Offense	0	0	0

*****NOTE:** There are additional sexual assaults reported on the UW Systems Report. These assaults occurred in an area identified by the UW System Report as "Off Campus". This category is defined as, "a region surrounding the campus, but not controlled by the institution, where substantial numbers of students live or congregate." In 2008, an additional 13 Sexual Assaults are reported, In 2009, an additional 5 Sexual Assaults are reported and in 2010 , an additional 11 Sexual Assaults are reported.